Sr No.	PGDIP Crimonology
1	Find the missing term in the series: 3, 20, 63, 144, 275,?
Alt1	354
Alt2	468
Alt3	548
Alt4	554
2	Choose word from the given options which bears the same relationship to the third word, as the first two bears: Anaemia: Blood :: Anarchy:?
Alt1	Lawlesness
Alt2	Government
Alt3	Monarchy
Alt4	Disorder
	Teeth is related to Grit in the same way as Fist is related to?
Alt1	Blow
	Hand
	Open
Alt4	Clench
4	Select the lettered pair that has the same relationship as the original pair of words:
	Reproof: Scold
	Respite: Spite
	Romantic: Strong
	Salient: Prominent
Alt4	Chastise: Erring
Е	Choose the alternative, which is similar to the given words:
	Bleat : Bray : Grunt
	Bark
	Croak
Alt3	
	Scream
7110-7	<del></del>
6	Spot the defective segment from the following:
	I wish
	I have a car
	to go shopping
	in the rain
7	Choose the meaning of the idiom/phrase from among the options given:
	Out of sorts
Alt1	unwell
Alt2	irrelevant
Alt3	in disorder
Alt4	out of love

8	The rowdy was at last done
	over
Alt2	
	away
-	away with
	·
9	Choose the option closest in meaning to the given word:
	BUCOLIC
Alt1	rustic
Alt2	utopian
	peaceful
	noisy
10	Choose the antonymous option you consider the best:
	CALLOW
Alt1	immature
Alt2	green
Alt3	clumsy
	veteran
11	If the seventh day of a month is three days earlier than Friday, what day will it be on the nineteenth day of the
	month?
Alt1	Sunday
Alt2	Monday
Alt3	Wednesday
Alt4	Friday
12	Water is related to Ocean in the same way as Snow is related to
Alt1	Peaks
Alt2	Hail
Alt3	Glacier
Alt4	Mountain
13	A's father's brother's father is D. how is D related to A?
Alt1	Father
Alt2	Grandfather
Alt3	Uncle
Alt4	Son
14	Find the odd man out:
Alt1	Squash
Alt2	football
Alt3	hockey
Alt4	Cricket

	In a certain code language, if CRICKET is coded as 3923564, ROCKET is coded as 913564 and KETTLE is coded
	564406, then how is LITTLE coded in that language ?
	024406
	240406
	20446
Alt4	200446
4.6	
16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	80 degrees
	90 degrees
	100 degrees 120 degrees
AIL4	120 degrees
17	Odd one out: 2,4,6,8
Alt1	
Alt2	
Alt3	
Alt4	
	<u>S</u>
18	Which is smallest:
	Quarter of 140
	Double of 4*4
Alt3	<b>7</b> *5
Alt4	Half of 72
19	What is the next alphabet in the following series
	Z D X H V L T?
Alt1	Q
Alt2	N .
Alt3	P
Alt4	0
	How many times is the abbrevations FB shorter than the word FACEBOOK?
	4times
	3times
	5times
Alt4	Many
24	Which 2 words were added by 12nd amendment of the Indian Constitution
	Which 3 words were added by 42nd amendment of the Indian Constitution
	Justice, Liberty, Equality Socialist, Republic, Justice
	Sovereign, Fraternity, Political
	Sovereign, Fraternity, Political Secular, Socialist, Integrity
AIL4	Securiar, Socialist, Integrity
22	The Famous term "Basic Structure of the Constitution "was mentioned in which important Judgment

Α	t2 Maneka Gandhi vs Union of India (1978)
Α	t3 Vishakha vs State of Rajasthan (1997)
Α	t4 Indra Sawhney vs Union of India (1992)
	Which Schedule contains the provisions relating to the administration and control of scheduled areas and
	scheduled tribes?
Α	t1 Forth Schedule
Α	t2 Fifth Schedule
Α	t3 Sixth Schedule
Α	t4 Seventh Schedule
	24 The 'Westminster' model of government followed by India is borrowed from?
	t1 British form of Government
Α	t2 United States
	t3 Japanese form of Government
	t4 Australian form of Government
	25 Which of the following is an offence which is punishable in 4 stages
	t1 Robbery
	t2 Dacoity
	t3 Murder
	t4 Rape
A	14 Rape
,	26 How many types of punishment is prescribed under IPC
	t1 Six
	t2 Five
	t3 Four
А	t4 Seven
	Threatening to commit certain acts which is forbidden by IPC is associated with which of the following?
Α	t1 Misrepresentation
	t2 Fraud
	t3 Mistake
	t4 Coercion
;	"The Penal Law of ancient communities was not the Law of Crimes it is Law of Wrongs " - was stated by
А	t1 Lombroso
	t2 Henry Maine
	t3 Kenny
	t4 Austin
	<u> </u>
	'The criminal behavior of a person of a person depends on external and internal factors '- This was envisaged in which school of criminology
A	t1 Classical School

Alt3	Neo classical School
Alt4	Italian School
30	In India , Child Sexual Abuse is defined in
Alt1	Domestic Violence Act
Alt2	Juvenile Justice Act
-	Child Labour Prohibition Act
	Indian Penal code
7.110.1	indian character
31	A Juvenile can be granted bail under which section of Juvenile Justice Act
	Section 11
-	Section 23
	Section 12
Alt4	Section 24
22	W/heathern a houseafth and heataid and an Court of 200 of the Colored Brook Land Court of Court of Brook Land Court of Court of Court of Brook Land Court of Court of Court of Brook Land Court of Court
	Whether a Juvenile can be tried under Section 223 of the Criminal Procedure Code?
Alt1	
Alt2	
	Yes with the permission of Sessions Court
Alt4	Yes with the permission of Chief Judicial Magistrate Court
	<del>,</del>
33	Whether the Juvenile offender's name , place can be published in media ?
Alt1	Yes
Alt2	No
Alt3	With the permission of court can be published
Alt4	With the consent of parents of Juvenile it can be published.
34	If a person who is in charge of a Juvenile commits cruelty to the Juvenile , he is punishable for
Alt1	3 years imprisonment or fine or both
Alt2	2 Years Imprisonment or fine or both
Alt3	1 year imprisonment or fine or both
Alt4	6 months imprisonment or fine or both
•	
35	Juvenile Justice Board is Constituted by
	Central Government
-	State Government
	High Court
	Supreme Court
36	Juvenile in Conflict with Law means
	Juvenile not a minor
-	Juvenile under the custody of gangster
	Juvenile who alleged to have committed the offence
	Juvenile who already in trial for another offence.
AIL4	paverille who already in that for another offence.
27	An observation hamp can be established by
	An observation home can be established by
Alt1	The order of an Magistrate

Alt2	The order of High Court
Alt3	The Order of State Government
Alt4	The Order of Central Government
38	In forensic Science the term 'Liver Mortis' means
Alt1	Cloudiness in the eyes
	Relaxation of muscles after Rigor Mortis
	Degree of digestion of stomach contents
	Pooling of Blood
39	What is studied in Forensic Palynology ?
	Fossilised Micro Organisms
	Soils
	Pollens and Spores
	Dust
Altq	
40	The 1st Finger print bureau of the world is in
Alt1	
Alt2	
	INDIA
	GERMANY
All4	GERIVIANT
41	The term Conhelie Index is for identifying
	The term Cephalic Index is for identifying Colour
Alt1	
	Race
Alt4	Blood
43	Dietare test weed in
	Diatom test used in
	Burning Death
	Drowning Death
	Accident Death
Alt4	Murder
	Most reliable test for detecting Blood stain is
	Aspometry Test
	Spectrophotometry Test
	Metriculy test
Alt4	Specific Blood test
	Section 304 of Cr.P.C. deals with
	Protection to accused against double prosecution for the same offence
	Withdrawal from prosecution
	Legal aid to the accused at state expenses
Alt4	Order to release on Probation of good conduct
45	An accused is termed 'Proclaimed offender' under
·	

Alt1	Section 82 Cr.p.c
Alt2	Section 84 Cr.p.c
Alt3	Section 92 Cr.P.C.
Alt4	Section 94 Cr.P.C
46	Point out incorrect response in Cr.P.C.
Alt1	Inquiry is conducted by court
Alt2	Inquiry is conducted after framing of charge
	Inquiry is conducted before framing of charge
Alt4	Inquiry is conducted by Sessions court
·	
	A private Person may arrest any person who commits
	Bailable Offence
	Nan Bailable Offence
	Non-cognizable offence
Alt4	Cognizable & Non-cognizable offence
	To set aside forfeiture under section 96 of Criminal Procedure Code , application may be given to
	Sessions Court
	High Court
	Chief Magistrate Court
Alt4	Supreme Court
40	Which one of the following orders can be passed after trail of a case is over?
-	Acquittal
	Conviction
	Discharge
	Acquittal or conviction
50	Which of the following offence is not compoundable ?
	Section 323 IPC
	Section 334 IPC
Alt3	Section 448 IPC
Alt4	Section 307 IPC
51	The court is empowered to record demeanour of a witness under
Alt1	Section 290 Cr.P.C
Alt2	Section 280 Cr.P.C
Alt3	Section 270 Cr.P.C.
Alt4	Section 250 Cr.P.C
	The Court may alter the charge after filing charge sheet
	Yes under Section 218
	Yes under Section 217
	Yes under Section 216
Alt4	Not under Cr.P.C

	Evidence under the Indian Evidence Act includes
-	Ocular Evidence
	Documentary Evidence
Alt3	Ocular and Documentary Evidence
Alt4	Ocular based on documents only
54	Which one of the following is not included in expression court under Indian Evidence Act
Alt1	All Judges
Alt2	All Magistrates
Alt3	All persons legally authorized to take evidence
Alt4	Arbitrators
55	How many witnesses required to prove a Fact ?
	One Party One Witness
Alt2	No particular Number
-	Two wuitnesses with regard to documents
	One Eye witness
	•
56	Under Section 9 of Evidence Act
	The Identification of Chattels is Relevant
	The Identification of Chattels is not Relevant
-	The Identification of Suspects is Relevant
	The Identification of Suspects is not Relevant
Ait	The Identification of Suspects is not helevant
57	A confession made by a conspirator involving other members is relevant against the co-conspirator jointly tried
	with him and is admissible
Δl+1	Under Section 25 of Evidence Act
	Under Section 27 of Evidence Act
-	Under Section 30 of Evidence Act
	Under Section 32 of Evidence Act
AIL4	Officer Section 52 of Evidence Act
го	Communication made without projudical are protected
	Communication made 'without prejudice' are protected
-	Under Section 17 of Evidence Act
-	Under Section 162 of Cr.P.C
-	Under Section 23 of Evidence Act
Alt4	Under Section 161 of Cr.P.C
	A confined a constant of the c
	A confession made by a person while in police custody is inadmissible as per
-	Section 25 Evidence Act
-	Section 26 Evidence Act
	Section 27 Evidence Act
Alt4	Section 30 Evidence Act
	Facts of which the judicial notice is to be taken are stated in
-	Section 55 Evidence Act
Alt2	Section 56 Evidence Act
Alt3	Section 57 Evidence Act

61	Legitimacy of a child is proved if child born within how many days after the dissolution of marriage?
-	
Alt1	260 days
Alt2	280 days
	290 days
Alt4	270 days
62	Emasculation means
	causing miscarriage with consent
	using force inorder to cause injury to another
	receiving illegal gratification
	depriving a male of masculine vigor.
63	Excessive reservation would be fraud on the Constitution of India was observed by
Alt1	Balaji vs State of Mysore
Alt2	Indira swahney vs Union of India
	Devadasan vs Union of India
Alt4	T.M.A. pai Foundation Vs State of Karnataka
	What can not be done directly can be done indirectly the statement epitomizes the doctrine of
	Doctrine of pith and substance
	Doctrine of Eclipse
	Doctrine of severability  Doctrine of colourable Legislation
AIL4	Doctifie of Colourable Legislation
65	The directive Principles are
Alt1	Justiciable the Same way as the fundamental rights.
Alt2	Not Justiciable, yet fundamental in the governance of the country.
Alt3	Decorative portion of the Indian Constitution
Alt4	Justiciable thought not the same way as the fundamental rights
66	Evicting a pavement dweller from his habitat amount to depriving of his right to livelihood is guaranteed und
Alt1	Article 14
Alt2	Article 16
Alt3	Pavement dwellers Act
Alt4	Article 21
	Dr. Ambadkar considered one fundamental right to be the beaut and soul of the Indian Counting in
	Dr.Ambedkar considered one fundamental right to be the heart and soul of the Indian Constitution  Right to equality
	Right to equality Right to Constitutional remedies
	Right against exploitation
	Right to Freedom

011.4	
	Lok Sabha alone
	Either House of Parliament
	joint sitting of Parliament
Alt4	Rajay Sabha alone
60	Which of the following cases will amount(s) to culpable homicide? 1. A police constable fired at an unruly mob
	in obedience to the orders of his higher officer and killed several persons. 2. A person killed one of the
	offernders at the time of commission of robbery. 3. Death is caused without premeditation in a sudden fight.
	Select the correct answer using the code given below:
	1 and2
	2 and 3
	3 only 1,2 and 3
AIL4	1,2 aliu 3
70	The Criminal Law (Amendment) ordinance 2013 in based on the recommendation of
	Justice Malimath committee report
	Justice Verma committee report
	Justice Usha Mehra committee report
	Justice M.B. Shah committee report
AIL4	Justice W.B. Shan committee report
71	The decession of Supreme Court in P. Ratnam vs Union of India, declaring Section 309 of Indean Penal Code as
	violative of Art 21 of the Constitution was subsequently reversed in
	Gian Gaur vs State of Punjab
	Bachan Singh's case
	Nanavathi vs State of Punjab
	None of the above
Alt	Note of the above
72	A being executor to the will of a deceased person, dishonestly disobeys the Law which direct him to divide the
	effects according to the will appropriates them to his own use. A has committed
	Criminal Misappropriation
	Cheating
	Criminal breach of trust
	Criminal intimidation
73	To claim total immunity under Section 82 of Indian penal code, the child must be below
	7 years of age
	10 years of age
	12 years of age
	14 years of age
	<u>, ,                                   </u>
7	
-	" Autrefois Acquit" Principle is related to
74	" Autrefois Acquit" Principle is related to Self incrimination
74 Alt1	Self incrimination
74 Alt1 Alt2	

75	In which one of the following cases did the Supreme Court hold that there was no reason to compel non
	smokers to be helpless victims of air pollution
Alt1	State if U.P vs K.V. Ansari
Alt2	Murali'S. Deora vs U.O.I
Alt3	State of Punjab vs Raghubir Chand Sharma
Alt4	None of the above
76	"Catch-up rule" evolved by the Supreme Court in U.O.I vs virpal Singh was eliminated by which amendment of
	the Constitution
Alt1	81st Amendment
Alt2	82nd Amendment
Alt3	85 th Amendment
Alt4	93 rd Amendment
77	Right to life does not include right to die. It has been held in
	R. Rathinam vs U.O.I
Alt2	D.K. Basu vs State of West Bengal
Alt3	Gian Kaur vs State of Punjab
Alt4	State of Maharashtra vs MarutiSharipatiDubal
<u> </u>	
78	Fundamental Duties do not enjoy any
	Social sanction
Alt2	Moral sanction
	Political sanction
-	Legal sanction
79	Which one of the following jurisdictions of the Indian Judiciary covers Public Interest Litigation?
	Original Jurisdiction
	Appellate Jurisdiction
	Epistolary Jurisdiction
	Advisory Jueisdiction
7.10.	, tartion, y tableation.
80	Which one of the following is sufficient to prove the offence of sedition?
Alt1	Comments expressing disapproval of the policies of the Government with a view obtain a change in policies by lawful means
Alt2	Proof of disloyalty or ill feelings
Alt3	Comments expressing disapproval of the administrative action even though do not excite hatred or disloyalty
Alt4	Exciting disaffection towards the governments
-	
81	A' Obtained a sum of Rs. 10,000/- from 'B' by putting 'B' in fear of death. Which one of the following offences
	was committed by 'A' ?
Alt1	Cheating
	Robbery
	Mischief
-	Extortion

Alt2 Alt3	Criminal breach of trust
Alt3	
_	Dishonest misappropriation of property
	Cheating the Government
Alt4	None of the above
	Use of violence by a member of an assembly of five or more persons in furtherance of common object will contitute:
	affray
	assault
Alt3	rioting
Alt4	unlawful assembly
84	A' sees 'B' drowning, but does not save him. 'B' is drowned. 'A' has committed:
	the offence of murder
Alt2	the offence of abetment of suicide
Alt3	the offence of culpable homicide not amounting to murder
Alt4	no offence
85	Which one of the following statements correctly defines the term unlawful assembly?
-	An assembly of fove or more persons
Alt2	An assembly of fove more persons armed with lethal weapons
Alt3	An assembly of five or more persons with common object of doing a crime
Alt4	An assembly of two or more persons having some common object of doing a criminal act
86	Which one of the following is an essential element of criminal breach of trust?
Alt1	Contractual relationship
Alt2	Transfer of possession
Alt3	Taking possession of the property of fraudulent means
Alt4	Property must be movable
87	Under the Indian Penal Code who among the following is liable for committing theft?
Alt1	Child below 7 years of age
	Child below 8 years of age
	Child between 7 and 10 years age
Alt4	Child between 7 and 12 years of age having maturity of understanding
88	Which one of the following statements is correct?
Alt1	In conspiracy, there is no distinction between principal and accessory
Alt2	In conspiracy principal and accessory are distinct
Alt3	There has to be a distinction between principal and accessory in all offences
Alt4	None of the above in correct

Δl+2	Intention of each of the accused persons is known to the rest of them and is shared
	Unity of criminal behaviour actuated by common consent
	Agreement to commit an offence even if no step is taken to carry out that agreement
7 (10-)	Agreement to commit an offence even in no step is taken to earry out that agreement
90	Which one of the following correctly brings out the main distinction between Common Intention and Common
	Object?
Alt1	Common intention creates specific offence whereas common object does not
Alt2	Common intention as well as common object create specific offences
Alt3	Common object creates specific offence whereas common intention does not
Alt4	Both common objects as well as common intention do not create specific offence
91	X', a doctor informs his patient 'Y' that he has cancer which is in its last state. 'X' requests 'Y' to arrange his
	family affairs as he cannot survive for more than a couple of weeks. 'Y' dies because of shock on hearing this 'X is:
Alt1	guily of murder as he knew that such a disclosure will cause death
Alt2	not guily since communication was made in good faith for the benefit of 'Y'
Alt3	guilty of causing death by negligence
Alt4	fuilty of culpable homicide no amounting to murder as he knew that such a disclosure is likely to cause death
92	Under which of the following situations would the Indian Courts have jurisdiction?1.Crime committed by an
	Indian in a foreign country 2. Crime committed by a foreigner in India 3. Crime committed by a person on a
	Indian ship Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
Alt1	1 and 2
Alt2	1 and 3
Alt3	2 alone
Alt4	1,2 and 3
02	Math List Land with List II and salest the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists.
93	Math List-I and with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:
	A. Mens rea 1. Always not necessary
	B. Motive 2. Condition precedent for any offence
	C. Law presumes innocence 3. Relevant and to impute in mention
	D. Knowledge of the act to be 4. Until crime is proved by beyond doubt
	unlawful
Alt1	(A)1,(B)2,(C->4),(D)3
	(A)2 ,(B)3 ,(C->4) ,(D)1
	(A)4 ,(B)3 ,(C->2) ,(D)1
Alt4	(A)2 ,(B)1 ,(C->3) ,(D)4
	Which one of the following statements correctly describes the concept of "Mens rea"?
	Means rea need be present at the stage of planning, but not at the state or commission of the offence
	Mens rea should be excluded unless the statue specifically requires it to be proved
	Absolute prohibition is not required to negative mens rea
Alt4	If the statue is silent about mens rea, as a general rule it should be read to the statue
05	Military and after fall and the state of the
	Which one of the following statements correctly distinguished theft from extortion?
∧ I+1	In theft, there is dishonest intention wherea in extortion it is not there.

Alt2	In extortion there is dishonest intention whereas in theft it is not there
Alt3	In theft, there is dishonest intention whereas in extortion it is fraudulent intention
Alt4	In theft, there is taking of property whereas in extortion there is delivery of property
96	In cases of criminal misappropriation, the intitial possession of the property is
	dishonest
Alt2	fraudulent
Alt3	innocent
Alt4	illegal
07	Assertion (A). The asserted of joint liability under section 140 of the IDC is that the aximinal act must have been
97	Assertion(A): The essence of joint liability under section 149 of the IPC is that the criminal act must have been done with a view to fulfilling the common object of an unlawful assembly. Reason®: Any sudden and provocative act done by a member of an unlawful assembly would render the other members of the assembly liable. Code:
Alt1	Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
Alt2	Both A and R are individually true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
Alt3	A is true, but R is false
Alt4	A is false, but R is true
98	Locus poenitentiae test is applied to trace which one of the following?
Alt1	Criminal misappropriation
Alt2	Attempt
Alt3	Sedition
Alt4	Conspiracy
99	Which one of the following statements is correct? For the purpose of section 103 of IPC (causing death in the
ļ	exercise of right of private defence for protection of property), there is
Alt1	no distinction between public property and privvate property
Alt2	clear distinction between public property and private property
Alt3	no right of private defence
Alt4	no right of private defence at the attempt stage of causing of death
100	In which one of the following cases did the Supreme Court explain the concept of grave and sudden provocation
100	as a mitigating circumstances reducting the gravity of the offence from murder to culpable homicide not
	Jamounting to murger?
Δl+1	amounting to murder?  State V. Dasrath
	State V. Dasrath
Alt2	